

University of Stuttgart

Institute for Building Energetics, Thermotechnology and Energy Storage (IGTE)



Standards for Global Solar Collector Certification -Current Tests and Upcoming Changes

Webinar IEA SHC Solar Acedemy: Global Solar Certification Network (GSCN) and SOLERGY 21 March 2023 / 23 March 2023







- Introduction to Global Solar Certification Network
- Current certification schemes and Standards
- Collector tests overview
- Upcoming changes and additions in collector standard ISO 9806
- Summary



Introduction



Aim

The aim of Global Solar Certification is to facilitate cross-border trading of solar thermal products by minimizing the need for re-testing and re-certification in each new country where products are to be sold.

Scope

The concept of "Global Solar Certification" is being implemented for solar thermal collectors and is based on the test procedures given in the ISO 9806 standard.

Concept

The "Global Solar Certification Network" is a cooperation between solar certification bodies/schemes around the world. When a product has been certified by one of the participating certification bodies/schemes, the product can obtain certification from other participating certification schemes without re-testing of the.



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Recognised Certification Schemes

Solar Keymark

The Solar Keymark was developed by the Solar Heat Europe/ESTIF and CEN (European Committee for Standardisation) in close co-operation with leading European test labs and with the support of the European Commission. It is the main quality label for solar thermal products and is widely spread across the European market and beyond.

Solar Rating & Certification Corporation (SRCC)

The Solar Rating & Certification Corporation (ICC-SRCC) is an third-party certification body specializing in solar heating and cooling products. ICC-SRCC's certifications, ratings and listings are accepted throughout North America.







SOLAR RATING

& CERTIFICATION



Used Standards

in co-operation with



Solar Keymark

EUROPEAN STANDARD	EN 12975	STANDARD 98
NORMEEUROPEENNE		
EUROPÄISCHE NORM	March 2022	Second
CS 27.160	Supersedes EN 12975-1:2006+A1:2010	
Er	iglish Version	
Sola Genera	r collectors - l requirements	
Capteurs solaires - Exigences générales	Sonnenkollektoren - Allgemeine Anforderungen	Solar energy — Solar thermal
This European Standard was approved by CEN on 31 Janu	ary 2022.	collectors – Test lifethous
CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELI European Standard the status of a national standard with concerning such national standards may be obtained on a member.	CO Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this out any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references oplication to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN	Énergie solaire — Capteurs thermiques solaires — Méthodes d
This European Standard exists in three official versions (E translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into Centre has the same status as the official versions.	nglish, French, German). A version in any other language made by its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management	
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Solar Rating & Certification Corporation (SRCC)



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Collector tests according to ISO 9806



1. Tests related to the thermal performance of the collector

Collector parameters to calculate yearly energy yields

2. Tests related to the durability, reliability and safety of the collector

Ensure that the collector fulfils the minimum requirements on durability, reliability and safety



Thermal Performance tests



- Thermal performance test (power curve)
- Incidence angle modifier for beam and diffuse irradiance
- Thermal capacity / (Time constant)
- (Pressure drop)

Test in (....) are optional



Thermal Performance tests



• Thermal performance test (power curve)

Describes the peak performance and the performance loss with raising temperature difference between collector and ambient

Indoor and outdoor test possible

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Thermal Performance tests



• Incidence angle modifier for beam and diffuse irradiance

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Describes the thermal performance dependency on the angle of incidence of the solar radiation

Can only be performed outdoors



Thermal Performance tests



• Thermal capacity / (Time constant)



Enables collector power calculations under transient conditions

Can be calculated from material data or derived from measurements





Thermal Performance tests



Pressure drop



Describes the pressure drop of the collector in dependency of the volume flow



Volumenstrom / volume flow [l/h]



Durability, reliability and safety tests

- Exposure test
- Determination of standard stagnation temperature
- Thermal shock test (internal & external)
- Mechanical load test (positive & negative)
- Rain penetration test
- Internal pressure test
- Impact resistance test







Durability reliability and safety tests



- Exposure test
- Determination of standard stagnation temperature
- 30 days exposure

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- 32 h @ G > 1000 W/m² (class A)
- Irradiation sum H > 600 MJ/m² (class A)



Durability reliability and safety tests



• Thermal shock test (internal & external)



Flushing the hot collector with cold water



Spraying the hot collector with cold water

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Durability reliability and safety tests



• Mechanical load test (positive & negative)



Applying positive and negative pressure on the collector to check the resistance of casing and transparent cover to wind and snow loads





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Durability reliability and safety tests



Rain penetration test



Spaying the collector for 4 h to detect water ingress if any





Durability reliability and safety tests



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• Internal pressure test







Durability reliability and safety tests



Impact resistance test



Using steel ball or ice ball to determine impact resistance of transparent cover







Revision ISO 9806 – upcoming topics, changes and additions 25 GWT

Expected : Draft in 2023 - Publication in 2024

- 1. Introduction of gross solar yield (= gross thermal yield + gross electrical yield)
- 2. Including topics related to LCA, reparability, material use, etc.
- 3. Review of thermal performance model for WISCollectors, u', a6, a7, etc.
- 4. Review of durability tests
- 5. Clarifying IAM topics (models, L and T, Input from SKN WG, etc.)
- 6. Implementing test procedures for air-brine-collectors being heat source for heat pumps (night time tests, tests below ambient temperature)



Summary



- Global Solar Certification Network is established and working
- 2 Certification schemes (Solar Keymark and Solar Rating & Certification Corporation (SRCC)) are recognised
- Standard ISO 9806 is the basis for both certification schemes
- Standard ISO 9806 is under revision, publication expected in 2024
- Solar Keymark scheme will take over revised ISO 9806 with usually 1 year transition time
- The takeover of the ISO 9806 into SRCC scheme usually will take more time





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